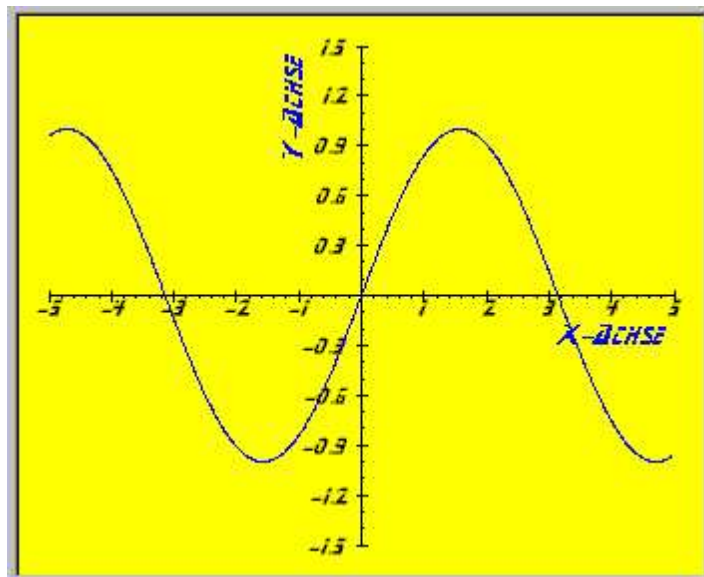


## 2D-Graphik-Control

Version 1

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
Juergen.Eder@gmx.de



Via this 2D-Graphic-Control equations (for example:  $\sin(x)$ ) or truth tables can quite simply drawn. In one coordinate system any number of equations and truth tables – also mixed – are possible.

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## **License**

This version is FREEWARE. You can use it on your own risk.

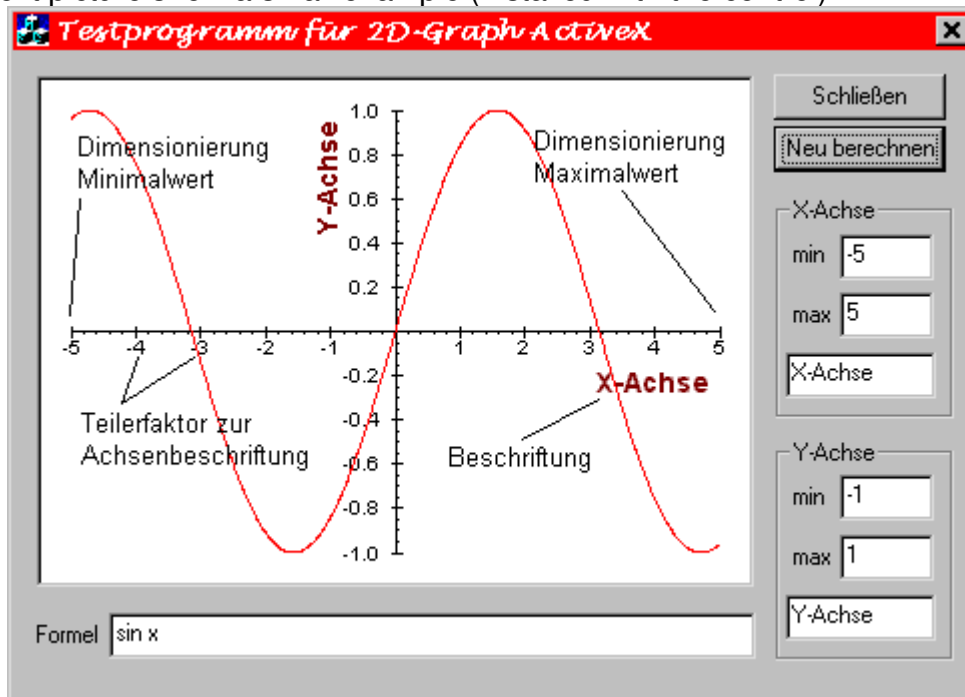
## Properties Dialog



In this dialog you can setup the most important parameters (for x and y axis separately):

- labels ("Beschriftung")
- dimensioning of the axis (minimum and maximum)
- divider ("Teiler") or an automatic divider ("Auto X-Teiler" / "Auto Y-Teiler")
- grid ("Raster")

The next picture show a small example (installed with the control):



## Properties

### *Appearance*

#### Syntax

*short Appearance*

#### Description

Draw a box around the output. This property depends also from [BorderStyle!](#)

<i>Appearance</i>	<i>BorderStyle</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	0	no box
1	0	3D box
0	1	2D box (only a black bounding box)
1	1	3D box

## ***BackColor***

### **Syntax**

```
COLORREF BackColor
```

### **Description**

Change the background color. COLORREF is a RGB value.

## ***BorderStyle***

### **Syntax**

*short BorderStyle*

### **Description**

Set the look of the bounding box. It depends also from [Appearance](#).

<i>Appearance</i>	<i>BorderStyle</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	0	no box
1	0	3D box
0	1	2D box (only a black bounding box)
1	1	3D box



## ***Grid***

### **Syntax**

*BOOL Grid*

### **Description**

TRUE	Draw some dashed lines over the output area
FALSE	Draw only the divider near the x/y axis

The divider of the grid will be set by [XDelta](#) and [YDelta](#) property. Also the divider may be calculated by the control if [XautoDelta](#) and/or [YAutoDelta](#) are set to TRUE.

## ***XText***

### **Syntax**

```
char *XText
```

### **Description**

Caption of x axis. This is an optional setting.

## ***YText***

### **Syntax**

```
char *YText
```

### **Description**

Caption of the y axis. This is an optional setting.

## ***XMaximum***

### **Syntax**

```
double XMaximum
```

### **Description**

Maximum value of the x axis

## ***XMinimum***

### **Syntax**

```
double XMinimum
```

### **Description**

Minimum value of the x axis

## ***YMaximum***

### **Syntax**

```
double YMaximum
```

### **Description**

Maximum value of the y axis

## ***YMinimum***

### **Syntax**

```
double YMinimum
```

### **Description**

Minimum value of the y axis

## ***XAutoDelta***

### **Syntax**

```
BOOL XAutoDelta
```

### **Description**

If TRUE, the x divider will be automatically calculated by the control.



## ***YAutoDelta***

### **Syntax**

```
BOOL YAutoDelta
```

### **Description**

If TRUE, the y divider will be automatically calculated by the control.

## ***Color***

### **Syntax**

*COLORREF Color*

### **Description**

Color of the coordinate system. COLORREF is a RGB value.

## ***XDelta***

### **Syntax**

```
double XDelta
```

### **Description**

Divider of the x axis for the grid.

### **Note**

Has no effect if [XAutoDelta](#) is set to TRUE

## ***YDelta***

### **Syntax**

```
double YDelta
```

### **Description**

Divider of the y axis for the grid

### **Note**

Has no effect if [YAutoDelta](#) is set to TRUE

## ***MMTwipsModus***

### **Syntax**

```
BOOL MMTwipsModus
```

### **Description**

Experimental, do not use

## ***BFont***

### **Syntax**

```
char *BFont
```

### **Description**

Font name for coordinate system

### **Note**

To label the coordinate system you can use two fonts:

- optional caption of x- and y-axis: BFont
- for labeling divider or grid: WFont

The divider will be always labeled!

## ***WFont***

### **Syntax**

```
char *WFont
```

### **Description**

Font name for divider and / or grid

### **Note**

To label the coordinate system you can use two fonts:

- optional caption of x- and y-axis: BFont
- for labeling divider or grid: WFont

The divider will be always labeled!

## ***BFontColor***

### **Syntax**

```
COLORREF BFontColor
```

### **Description**

Color of coordinate system caption



## ***BFontHeight***

### **Syntax**

```
short BFontHeight
```

### **Description**

Font height of coordinate system caption

## ***WFontHeight***

### **Syntax**

```
short WFontHeight
```

### **Description**

Font height of divider labels

## ***BFontBold***

### **Syntax**

*BOOL BFontBold*

TRUE	fat
FALSE	normal

### **Description**

Font option for the coordinate system caption

***BFontItalic*****Syntax**

*BOOL BFontItalic*

TRUE	italic
FALSE	normal

**Description**

Font option for the coordinate system caption

## ***WFontBold***

### **Syntax**

```
BOOL WFontBold
```

TRUE	fat
FALSE	normal

### **Description**

Font option for the divider labels

## ***WFontItalic***

### **Syntax**

```
BOOL WFontItalic
```

TRUE	italic
FALSE	normal

### **Description**

Font option for the divider labels

***WFontTransparent*****Syntax***BOOL WFontTransparent*

TRUE	Background will not changed (transparent mode)
FALSE (default)	Background will be cleared before writing text

## ***Function***

### **Syntax**

```
char *Function
```

### **Description**

Any mathematical function will be accepted e.g. "1/x\*sin(x)" is valid property.

Only one function can be set as a property all other functions must be set by the methods of this control. The control set the id number of this function to 0.



## ***FunctionColor***

### **Syntax**

```
COLORREF FunctionColor
```

### **Description**

Color for the function with the id number 0. (see above: [Function](#))

## **Separator**

### **Syntax**

```
char *Separator
```

### **Description**

With the function [AddTableFromFile](#) you can load text files which includes X-Y values. But before you can load a file with AddTableFromFile you must set the separator character. This can be a semicolon, a comma, a tab, ...

### **Note**

The control will use only the first character of the given string

## ***TableFile***

### **Syntax**

```
char *TableFile
```

### **Description**

File name of a text file with x-y values. Every line with a X-Y pair in the file generate a new entry in the truth table. The separator character should set before with the property: [Separator](#). The control set the identifier of this truth table to 0. See also: [AddTable](#)

## ***XAxisMode***

### **Syntax**

```
short XAxisMode
```

### **Description**

Position of the x axis

<i>Mode</i>	<i>X Axis</i>
0 (default)	normal
1	always at bottom
2	always at top

## ***YAxisMode***

### **Syntax**

```
short YAxisMode
```

### **Description**

Position of the y axis

<i>Mode</i>	<i>Y Axis</i>
0 (default)	normal
1	always at the right side
2	always at the left side

## ***TableDrawMode***

### **Syntax**

*short TableDrawMode*

### **Description**

Drawing mode of the truth table

<i>Mode</i>	<i>Description</i>
0 (default)	normal (every point will be merged by a line with the next point)
1	draw only points

## ***TableLinesDontUse***

### **Syntax**

```
long TableLinesDontUse
```

### **Description**

The control read over this number of lines if it read a text file. (for: [AddTableFromFile](#))

## ***TableColAsXAxis***

### **Syntax**

```
long TableColAsXAxis
```

### **Description**

Row of X-Axis if there are more rows in the file (for: [AddTableFromFile](#))



## ***TableColAsYAxis***

### **Syntax**

```
long TableColAsYAxis
```

### **Description**

Row of Y-Axis if there are more rows in the file (for: [AddTableFromFile](#))

## ***TableXFormula***

### **Syntax**

```
char *TableXFormula
```

### **Description**

Formula to calculate the x axis if the ocx read a truth table from a text file. This means, every x value will be first converted by this formula. (for: [AddTableFromFile](#))

## ***TableYFormula***

### **Syntax**

```
char *TableYFormula
```

### **Description**

Formula to calculate the y axis if the control read a truth table from a text file. This means, every y value will be first converted by this formula. (for: [AddTableFromFile](#))

## Functions

### *AddFunction*

#### Syntax

```
void AddFunction(short id, char *function, COLORREF color);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
id	any number (1...), the id: 0 is reserved by the property "Function"
function	mathematical function, e.g. "1/x*sin(x)"
color	color of this function

#### Description

A mathematical function will be calculated and immediately drawn.

## ***DeleteFunction***

### **Syntax**

```
void DeleteFunction(short id);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
id	ID (1...), which was used in "AddFunction"

### **Description**

The function with the selected ID number will be deleted.

## ***ResetGraph***

### **Syntax**

```
void ResetGraph(void);
```

### **Description**

All functions and all truth tables will be deleted

## **AddTable**

### **Syntax**

```
void AddTable(short id, char *name, COLORREF color);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
id	any number (1...), the id: 0 is reserved by the property "TableFile"
name	any name for the truth table
color	color of this graph

### **Description**

A new truth table will be created. The x-y values can be set after.

## **DeleteTable**

### **Syntax**

```
void DeleteTable(short id);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
id	any ID (1...), which was set in "AddTable()"

### **Description**

Delete the truth table with the selected ID number.



## ***AddTableEntry***

### **Syntax**

```
void AddTableEntry(short id, double x, double y);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
id	any ID (1...), which was set in "AddTable()"
x	X value
y	Y value

### **Description**

With this function you set one x/y pair into the selected truth table (selection by the the ID number)

### **Note**

The control don't sort the values. All values are shown in the order they are added into the truth table.

## **AddTableFromFile**

### **Syntax**

```
void AddTableFromFile(char *filename, short id, char *name, COLORREF color);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
filename	file name
id	any ID (1...)
name	name of the truth table
color	color of the new graph

### **Description**

A new truth table will be created and all x/y pairs will be read from the text file (every line there must be one x-row and one y-row). You should set a separator character before with the property "[Separator](#)".

## ***ShowPropertyPage***

### **Syntax**

```
void ShowPropertyPage(void);
```

### **Description**

Show the property page

## ***Copy***

### **Syntax**

```
void Copy(void);
```

### **Description**

Copy the graphic as a bitmap into the clipboard

## ***UserDraw***

### **Syntax**

```
void UserDraw(long HDC, long x, long y, long width, long height);
```

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
HDC	Graphic device handle from Windows API
x	x position
y	y position
width	width
height	height

### **Description**

Use this in your draw function in SDI and MDI applications (e.g. in OnDraw() in MFC apps)